UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

☒ **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2011

or

☐ **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number: 000-53209

Adelphia Recovery Trust

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware	**11-6615508**
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

919 North Market Street, 17th Floor, PO Box 8705
Wilmington, Delaware 19899
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

302-652-4100 Attn: Dean Ziehl
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. ☒ Yes No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). ☒ Yes No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ☐	Accelerated filer ☐
Non-accelerated filer ☐ (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company ☒

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). ☐ Yes No ☒

APPLICABLE ONLY TO ISSUERS INVOLVED IN BANKRUPTCY
PROCEEDINGS DURING THE PRECEDING FIVE YEARS:

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Sections 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court. ☐ Yes No ☐

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PART 1 - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1 Financial Statements

Adelphia Recovery Trust
Unaudited Condensed Balance Sheets

	As of June 30, 2011	As of December 31, 2010
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 79,506,091	$ 21,887,750
Temporary investments	—	64,808,133
Prepaid assets	913,789	68,613
Note and accrued interest receivable	6,363,841	6,168,829
Total assets	$ 86,783,721	$ 92,933,325
Liabilities and net assets		
Accrued expenses	$ 973,660	$ 1,886,181
Total liabilities	973,660	1,886,181
Contingencies		
Net assets	85,810,061	91,047,144
Total liabilities and net assets	$ 86,783,721	$ 92,933,325

See accompanying notes to condensed financial statements.

Adelphia Recovery Trust
Unaudited Condensed Statements of Operations

	For the three months ended June 30, 2011	For the three months ended June 30, 2010	For the six months ended June 30, 2011	For the six months ended June 30, 2010
Revenues				
Interest income	$ 129,470	$ 159,911	$ 265,706	$ 309,877
Total revenues	129,470	159,911	265,706	309,877
Operating expenses				
General and administrative expenses	347,012	480,650	1,110,590	1,241,335
Professional expenses - litigation	2,480,201	6,989,391	3,915,504	14,982,676
Professional expenses — administrative	94,487	155,262	476,695	317,487
Total operating expenses	2,921,700	7,625,303	5,502,789	16,541,498
Net loss	$ (2,792,230)	$ (7,465,392)	$ (5,237,083)	$ (16,231,621)

See accompanying notes to condensed financial statements.

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Adelphia Recovery Trust
Unaudited Condensed Statements of Cash Flows

	For the six months ended June 30, 2011	For the six months ended June 30, 2010
Operating activities		
Net loss	$ (5,237,083)	$ (16,231,621)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used by operating activities consisting of changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Prepaid assets	(845,176)	254,104
Note and accrued interest receivable	(195,012)	(195,012)
Accrued expenses	(912,521)	(2,845,384)
Net cash used by operating activities	(7,189,792)	(19,017,913)
Investing activities		
Sale(purchase) of temporary investments and accrued interest	64,808,133	(83,073,211)
Net cash provided(used) by investing activities	64,808,133	(83,073,211)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	57,618,341	(102,091,124)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	21,887,750	164,327,745
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	$ 79,506,091	$ 62,236,621

See accompanying notes to condensed financial statements.

ADELPHIA RECOVERY TRUST

Notes to Condensed Financial Statements — June 30, 2011 (Unaudited)

1 Background

The Adelphia Recovery Trust (the "ART") was formed as a Delaware statutory trust pursuant to that certain First Modified Fifth Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization (the "Plan") of Adelphia Communications Corporation ("Adelphia" or "ACC") and certain of its subsidiaries (collectively the "Debtor"). The purpose of the ART is to prosecute the various causes of action transferred to the ART pursuant to the Plan (the "Causes of Action") and distribute to the owners (the "Holders") of the interests in the ART ("Interests") the net proceeds of such Causes of Action ("Distributions"), according to the relative priorities established pursuant to the Plan, subject to the retention of various amounts to fund the prosecution of those Causes of Action and operations of the ART. Pursuant to the Plan, in addition to the Causes of Action, Adelphia transferred $25 million in cash to the ART, in connection with its formation, in order to fund the initial expenses of operation.

As set forth in the Plan, the ART is administered by five trustees (the "Trustees") who are responsible for carrying out the purposes of the ART. Quest Turnaround Advisors, L.L.C. ("Quest") is the plan administrator (in such capacity, the "Plan Administrator") of Adelphia. Quest and Adelphia together have agreed to provide certain administrative services to the ART. In order to facilitate the provision of such administrative services, the ART has appointed Quest as the trust administrator of the ART (in such capacity, the "Trust Administrator").

2 Basis of Presentation

The accompanying interim unaudited condensed financial statements of the ART have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America for interim periods ("US GAAP") and with the instructions to Form 10-Q. As such, they do not include all of the information and disclosures required by US GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of the Trustees, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation of the interim unaudited condensed financial statements have been included. These condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the ART's audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2010 included in its Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on March 4, 2011. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of the results for the complete fiscal year. The unaudited condensed balance sheet as of December 31, 2010 was derived from the audited financial statements for the year then ended.

3 Related Party Transactions

The Trust Administrator and Adelphia continue to provide administrative support to the ART including maintaining electronic data and paper documents used in prosecuting the Causes of Action, financial reporting and support for Distributions when they might occur (including maintenance of data related to the implementation of Plan provisions). These services have and will continue to be provided at no cost to the ART under the terms of various agreements between the Trust Administrator and Adelphia. The ART financial statements do not reflect any amounts for these services.

4 Causes of Action and Contingent Liabilities

Except as set forth below, there have been no material developments in the legal proceedings described in the ART's Form 10-K as filed on March 4, 2011 or as updated in the ART's Form 10-Q filed on May 13, 2011.

Causes of Action

Goldman Sachs Litigation

Goldman Sachs ("Goldman") moved for summary judgment on March 2, 2010. On April 7, 2011, the District Court granted Goldman's summary judgment motion and judgment was entered April 13, 2011. On May 6, 2011, the ART timely filed its notice of appeal to the Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit. The parties are briefing the appeal.

At this time, the ART cannot predict the outcome of the Goldman Sachs Litigation or estimate the possible financial effect of this proceeding on the ART's financial statements.

Prestige Litigation

On October 27, 2009, Defendants moved for summary judgment on the ART's claims. On June 27, 2011, the District Court granted Defendants' summary judgment motion and judgment was entered on June 28, 2011. The ART timely filed its notice of appeal to the Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit.

At this time, the ART cannot predict the outcome of the Prestige Litigation or estimate the possible financial effect of this proceeding on the ART's financial statements.

FPL Litigation

The FPL action seeks to recover an alleged fraudulent transfer arising out of Adelphia's repurchase of certain of its stock from FPL in January 1999 for $149.5 million. Pursuant to the main Plan, the claims asserted in the FPL Litigation were transferred to the ART. On July 13, 2011 the Bankruptcy Court denied FPL's motion for leave to amend its answer to add a new defense.

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The parties currently are engaged in expert discovery. Trial is set to begin on September 16, 2011.

At this time, the ART cannot predict the outcome of the FPL Litigation or estimate the possible financial effect of this proceeding on the ART's financial statements.

Contingent Liabilities

Litigation Indemnification Fund Litigation

Pursuant to the Third Modified Fourth Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization Under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code for Century-TCI Debtors and Parnassos Debtors (the "JV Plan"), which became effective on July 31, 2006; the Main Plan, which became effective on February 13, 2007; and certain other orders entered by the Bankruptcy Court, litigation indemnification funds (each, a "LIF") were created with funds provided by Adelphia to provide certain defendants in the Bank Litigation (see Plan) provisional and conditional reimbursement of legal fees and expenses expected to be incurred in connection with defending litigation involving certain credit facilities.

The LIF created under the JV Plan (the "JV LIF"), established in the initial amount of $10 million and held in an Adelphia account pending distributions as authorized by the ART, was created to fund certain allowable claims for indemnification arising under the Parnassos and Century-TCI prepetition credit facilities. Subject to certain conditions, the JV LIF is "evergreen", i.e. the JV Plan provides that the JV LIF will be replenished by the ART under certain conditions, such as "upon the receipt . . . of net proceeds of any Designated Litigation" after first deducting any required distribution to the government.

The LIFs created under the Main Plan (the "Main Plan LIFs") are fixed in amounts and not subject to replenishment. Because the JV LIF is evergreen, whereas the Main Plan LIFs are capped, the allocation of defense costs among the categories of LIFs is a matter of economic significance.

Certain entities (the "JV Claimants") have submitted formal claims that through June 30, 2011 aggregated approximately $27 million in excess of the $10 million initially deposited in the JV LIF by Adelphia. Thus, claims against the JV LIF totaled approximately $37 million and certain of the JV Claimants have indicated an intention to submit additional claims in the future. Adelphia and the ART asserted that the JV LIF claims are improper.

On November 13, 2008, certain of the JV claimants filed, or subsequently joined in, the *Motion of the Bank of Nova Scotia, Citibank N.A. and The Ad Hoc Committee of Non-Agent Secured Lenders in the Parnassos and Century-TCI Facilities for Payment of Bank Lender Post Effective Date Fee Claims and to Compel Compliance of the Plan Administrator (defined in the JV Plan as Adelphia) and the Art with the Third Modified Fourth Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization Under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code and the Century TCI Stipulation* (the "LIF Motion"). Adelphia and the ART moved to disallow Bank Lender Post-Effective Date Fee Claims against the claimants.

On April 16, 2010, Adelphia and the ART filed a motion seeking Bankruptcy Court approval of a Stipulation and Consent Order by and among Adelphia, the ART, and claimant Societe Generale, S.A. resolving both motions as to Societe Generale, S.A. The Bankruptcy Court approved the Stipulation and Consent Order on May 7, 2010.

The Bankruptcy Court heard argument of counsel on May 25, 2011, and stated that an evidentiary hearing would be held sometime after September 2011 to resolve any JV LIF claims that may remain in dispute at such time. Since the prior agreement with Societe

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Generale, S.A., and through the date of this report, July 29, 2011, the ART has reached agreements in principal with certain other JV Claimants that are probable to reach a final settlement. The aggregate amount of these settlements when finalized will reduce the total unresolved claims outstanding against the JV LIF from the original amount of $37 million to $22 million. The ART continues to vigorously defend the unresolved claims.

The total amount of payments from the JV LIF as a result of these prior and probable-pending settlements will be less than the original balance of $10 million in Adelphia's JV LIF account. Thus the ART has recorded no liability for the prior or pending settlements. Resolved JV LIF claims will be paid in the ordinary course and per the terms of the final settlement agreements.

To the extent the Bankruptcy Court grants the LIF Motion as to any unresolved JV LIF claims, the JV LIF may need to be replenished in an amount that satisfies all such unresolved claims and returns the balance in the JV LIF to $10 million. In addition, the Bankruptcy Court could determine that the JV LIF must be replenished by the aggregate amount of the unresolved disputed JV LIF Claims while the dispute is still pending. The ART has adequate liquidity to satisfy that obligation if required by the Bankruptcy Court.

At this time, the ART cannot predict the outcome of the remaining proceedings or estimate the possible financial effect of these proceedings on the ART.

5 Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The ART invests in FDIC insured bank certificates of deposit ("CDs"). CD investments held by the ART as of December 31, 2010 matured in the first quarter of 2011. At maturity, the ART elected to re-invest in CDs with a maturity of 90 days or less when purchased. CDs with a maturity of 90 days or less when purchased are classified as cash and cash equivalents and those with a maturity exceeding 90 days are classified as temporary investments. The ART had no temporary investments as of June 30, 2011.

The fair value of the note receivable and accrued interest has been determined using unobservable inputs (i.e. Level 3, as defined in Accounting Standards Codification 820-10) and approximates $4.7 million as of June 30, 2011 and $4.5 million as of December 31, 2010. The fair value was derived by discounting to June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 the projected maturity value of the note including accrued interest. The projected maturity values, including interest were calculated using life expectancy tables. The discount rate is based on the yield on the notes issued by the life insurance companies underwriting the life insurance policies and various risk factors associated with the note.

The carrying values were approximately $6.4 million as of June 30, 2011 and approximately $6.2 million as of December 31, 2010. The note bears 8% simple interest and is recourse only to the proceeds of various life insurance policies on Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Tow totaling approximately $28 million.

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6 Subsequent Events

Events subsequent to June 30, 2011 have been evaluated through July 29, 2011, the date the accompanying financial statements were issued. Other than as discussed herein, there have been no subsequent events that would be material to the financial statements of the ART, including Cause of Action settlements or judgments or Distributions or decisions concerning future Distributions.

Item 2
Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Overview

The ART was formed as a Delaware statutory trust pursuant to that certain First Modified Fifth Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization of Adelphia and certain of its subsidiaries. The purpose of the ART is to prosecute the various Causes of Action transferred to the ART pursuant to the Plan and distribute to the owners of the Interests in the ART the net proceeds of such Causes of Action, according to the relative priorities established pursuant to the Plan, subject to the retention of various amounts to fund the prosecution of those Causes of Action and operations of the ART. Pursuant to the Plan, in addition to the Causes of Action, Adelphia transferred $25 million in cash to the ART in connection with its formation in 2007 in order to fund the initial expenses of operation.

Adelphia and certain of its subsidiaries filed for Chapter 11 bankruptcy protection in June 2002. During the bankruptcy, on July 31, 2006 the assets of Adelphia were sold for a combination of cash and stock in Time Warner Cable, Inc. ("TWC"). In late 2006, representatives of various groups of creditors reached agreement on the allocation and distribution of the cash, TWC stock, other proceeds from the sale of estate assets and relative priorities to any Distributions arising from the Causes of Action contributed to the ART. This agreement was embodied in the Plan, which was confirmed in January 2007 and became effective on February 13, 2007 (the "Effective Date"). Under the Plan, the creditors and equity holders of Adelphia and certain of its subsidiaries received one or more of the following: cash, TWC stock, rights to future Distributions up to payment in full and the Interests.

The ART will dissolve upon the earlier of the resolution of all Causes of Action and the distribution of all of its assets to the Holders or the fifth anniversary of its creation. However, the Bankruptcy Court may approve an extension of the term if deemed necessary for the purposes of resolving the Causes of Action and distributing the net proceeds to Holders.

As set forth in the Plan and the Declaration of Trust for the ART, as amended (the "Declaration"), the ART is administered by five Trustees. These Trustees are authorized to carry out the purposes of the ART. In particular, the Trustees are responsible for protecting, maintaining, liquidating to cash and maximizing the value of the Causes of Action contributed to the ART, whether by litigation, settlement or otherwise.

Distributions

Pursuant to the Plan and the Declaration, Distributions to Holders are net of any costs and expenses incurred by the ART in connection with administering, litigating or otherwise resolving the various Causes of Action. Such costs and expenses may also include fees and expenses of the Trustees, premiums for directors and officers insurance, and other insurance and fees and expenses of attorneys and consultants. Distributions will be made only from assets of the ART and only to the extent that the ART has sufficient assets (over amounts retained for contingent liabilities and future costs and expenses, among other things) to make such payments in accordance with the Plan and the Declaration. No Distribution is required to be made to any Holder unless such Holder is to receive in such Distribution at least $25.00 or unless such Distribution is the final Distribution to such Holder pursuant to the Plan and the Declaration.

Distributions will be made at the sole discretion of the Trustees in accordance with the provisions of the Plan and the Declaration. On December 21, 2010 the ART made a Distribution of $215 million in cash payable to Holders of Interests in the Trust in accordance with the waterfall priority established in the Plan. It is not possible to determine at this time if there will be future Distributions to the Holders of Interests in the Trust. No other Distributions have occurred or are currently planned. As of June 30, 2011, the number of Interests outstanding in each series eligible to receive a Distribution is as follows:

CVV Series of Interest:	As of June 30, 2011
Series RF	115,000,000
Series Arahova	722,639,681
Series FrontierVision	86,600,001
Series FPL	25,575,129
Series Olympus	17,000,001
Series ACC-1	4,839,988,165
Series ACC-2	339,207,075
Series ACC-3	119,430,302
Series ESL (1)	17
Series ACC-4	1,790,968,272
Series ACC-5 (1)	458
Series ACC-6B	150,000,000
Series ACC-6B1 (1)	3
Series ACC-6D	575,000,000
Series ACC-6D1 (1)	229,004
Series ACC-6E/F	935,812,456
Series ACC-6E/F1 (1)	277,210
Series ACC-7	217,022,640
Series ACC-7A (1)	1,537,766,752

(1) For each of these categories of Interests (which include disputed claims), each holder of a disputed claim was awarded one Interest. The number of Interests is expected to change based on the resolution of disputed claims.

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A schedule summarizing the Distribution priority waterfall as of June 30, 2011 is set forth below.

ART Distribution Waterfall Chart (1)
June 30, 2011

Remainig Aggregate Distribution (2)	Distribution Description (3)	ART Distribution Recipient	
Up to 15,000,000	Until RF holders have received an aggregate $115 million	RF Arahova ACC-1 Olympus FrontierVision ACC-2 ACC-3 FPL	50.00% 22.94% 21.36% 2.50% 1.25% 1.12% 0.45% 0.38%
15,000,001 - 366,000,000	Until Series Olympus has received aggregate distributions of $16 million plus the Olympus Fees, plus accrued post-Effective Date dividends	Arahova ACC-1 Olympus FrontierVision ACC-2 ACC-3 FPL	45.87% 42.73% 5.00% 2.50% 2.25% 0.90% 0.75%
366,000,001 - 950,000,000	Until cumulative distribution is $1,165 million	Arahova ACC-1 FrontierVision ACC-2 ACC-3 FPL	48.37% 45.06% 2.50% 2.37% 0.95% 0.75%
950,000,001 - 3,901,000,000	Until Series Arahova has received $625 million plus the Arahova Fees plus accrued post-Effective Date dividends	ACC-1 Arahova ACC-2 FrontierVision ACC-3 FPL	76.60% 14.51% 4.03% 2.50% 1.61% 0.75%
3,901,000,001 - 4,591,000,000	Until Series FPL has received aggregate distributions of $6.2 million plus Default Interest, plus accrued post-Effective Date dividends (ACC-1 and ACC-3 paid in full)	ACC-1 ACC-2 FrontierVision ACC-3 FPL	90.11% 4.74% 2.50% 1.90% 0.75%
4,591,000,001 - 4,621,000,000	Until Series FPL has received aggregate distributions of $6.2 million plus Default Interest, plus accrued post-Effective Date dividends	ACC-2 FrontierVision FPL	96.75% 2.50% 0.75%
4,621,000,001 - 4,640,000,000	Until the holders of Claims in Class ACC Notes and in Classes ACC Trade and ACC Other Unsecured have been paid in full including Case Contract Interest (ACC Notes) and Case 8% Interest (ACC Trade and ACC Other Unsecured) and accrued post-Effective Date dividends Until Series FrontierVision has received aggregate distributions of $85 million plus 80% of the FrontierVision Fees, plus accrued post-Effective Date dividends	ACC-2 FrontierVision FrontierVision	97.50% 2.50% 100.00%
4,640,000,001 - 4,701,000,000	Until the additional distribution to the Series Arahova Interests equals $50 million plus accrued post-Effective Date dividends at a rate of 5% per annum	Series Arahova	100.00%
Not Quantifiable	Until ESL holders have received Payment in Full of their Claims and Case 8% interest plus accrued post-Effective Date dividends		
Not Quantifiable	Until ACC-4 holders have received the full amount of their Allowed Claims plus Case Contract Interest plus accrued post-Effective Date dividends		
Not Quantifiable	Until ACC-5 holders have received the full amount of their Allowed Claims plus Case 8% interest plus accrued post-Effective Date dividends		
Not Quantifiable	Until ACC-6 holders receive distributions in accordeance with the relative priorities established by the Liquidation Preferences governing the shares of ACC Preferred Stock and the Bankruptcy Code		
	Each ACC-7 holder is entitled to receive a pro rata share of		

Not Quantifiable	any distributions remaining

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(1) Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined have the respective meaning given to them under the Plan. Remaining aggregate distributions and ART distribution percentages are as of June 30, 2011.

(2) Pursuant to the terms of the Plan, certain series of Interests are entitled to post-Effective Date dividends on certain amounts due to the corresponding class of claims. For purposes of calculating the reference amount on which post-Effective Date dividends accrue, the distribution of the true-up Holdback is treated as if it occurred on the Effective Date. Remaining aggregate distributions have been reduced as a result of the $215 million cash distribution to certain CVV Holders as of December 21, 2010 as well as distributions made by Adelphia for excess reserves and for refunds of reserves established for Settlement Party Fee Claims.

(3) Unless otherwise stated, post-Effective Date dividends accrue at a rate of 8.9% per annum.

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Results of Operations

The ART operates pursuant to the Plan and the Declaration. The ART was formed as a Delaware statutory trust to prosecute various claims originally owned by Adelphia and, if any of the prosecutions are successful or are settled in a manner which provides economic benefit to the ART, to distribute excess proceeds over amounts retained to fund the prosecution of the Causes of Action and operations of the ART, to the Holders. The Trustees will retain enough cash in reserve to administer the ART and fund the prosecution of the Causes of Action.

Due to the nature of the ART's operations both revenue and operating expenses may fluctuate between and among reporting periods caused by activities and results related to the Causes of Action.

Second Quarter 2011 vs Second Quarter 2010

Total revenues consisting solely of interest income decreased to $129,470 in the second quarter of 2011 from $159,911 in the second quarter of 2010. The decrease of $30,441 was caused by a reduction in average invested cash balances and a decrease in investment yields. There were no court approved settlements or related revenues for either the second quarter of 2011 or for the second quarter of 2010.

Total operating expenses for the ART decreased to approximately $2.9 million in the second quarter of 2011 from approximately $7.6 million in the second quarter of 2010. The cost decrease of approximately $4.7 million was caused by decreases in professional litigation costs of $4.5 million, general and administrative costs of $133,638 and professional administrative costs of $60,775.

Professional litigation costs decreased by approximately $4.5 million in the second quarter of 2011 compared to the second quarter of 2010 due to decreased professional expenses of $6.6 million. The decreased costs in 2011 related to the Bank Cause of Action which was settled in the fourth quarter of 2010 and the Prestige Cause of Action pending the June 28, 2011 summary judgment of the Bankruptcy Court. The decreases were partially offset by increased costs of $2.1 million for the FPL and other Causes of Action as legal activities accelerated.

General and administrative costs decreased by approximately $134,000 in the second quarter of 2011 when compared to the second quarter of 2010. The ART experienced decreased costs of approximately $155,000 in the second quarter of 2011 for ART Trustee expenses, bank fees, insurance, audit, and tax filing costs but had offsetting increased costs of approximately $21,000 for SEC filing costs between the same comparable periods.

Professional administrative costs decreased by approximately $61,000 in the second quarter of 2011 compared to the second quarter of 2010. The decreased costs in the second quarter of 2011 relate to legal support costs incurred by the ART to manage trust operations, administrative requirements, Cause of Action coordination and regulatory compliance.

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As a result of the decrease in total revenues of approximately $30,000 and the decrease in total operating expenses of approximately $4.7 million in the second quarter of 2011 compared to the second quarter of 2010, the net loss of approximately $2.8 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 was approximately $4.7 million lower than the net loss for the quarter ended June 30, 2010.

Six months ended June 30, 2011 versus the six months ended June 30, 2010

Total revenues consisting solely of interest income decreased to approximately $266,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2011 from approximately $310,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2010. The decrease of approximately $44,000 was caused by a decrease in the average invested cash balance partially offset by an increase in investment yields during the six months ended June 30, 2011 compared to the six month period ended June 30, 2010. There were no settlements or related revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2011 or for the six months ended June 30, 2010.

Total operating expenses for the ART decreased to approximately $5.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011 compared to approximately $16.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010. The decrease of approximately $11.0 million was caused by decreased professional litigation expenses of approximately $11.1 million and general and administrative costs of approximately $131,000 offset by an increase in professional administrative costs of approximately $159,000 between the same comparable periods.

Professional litigation costs decreased approximately $11.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011 when compared to the six months ended June 30, 2010. There were decreased costs for the Bank Cause of Action totaling approximately $14.3 million and offsetting increased costs of approximately $3.2 million for the other Causes of Action for the six months ended June 30, 2011 when compared to the six months ended June 30, 2010. The changes in costs were caused by changes in activity levels related to the various Causes of Action.

General and administrative costs decreased approximately $131,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2011 when compared to the six months ended June 30, 2010. The ART experienced decreased costs of approximately $145,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2011 for ART bank fees, insurance, Trustee compensation and expenses but had offsetting increased costs of approximately $14,000 for SEC filing.

Professional administrative costs increased approximately $159,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2011 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2010. The increased costs relate primarily to increased costs for ART regulatory compliance and Cause of Action oversight.

As a result of the decrease in total revenues of approximately $44,000 and the decrease in total operating expenses of approximately $11.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2010, the net loss of approximately $5.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011 was approximately $11.0 million lower than the net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2010.

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Financial Condition and Cash Flows: Liquidity

The ART's sources of liquidity are from (a) the $25 million transferred to the ART by Adelphia pursuant to the Plan on the Effective Date, (b) the successful resolution of Causes of Action and (c) earnings on invested cash balances. Receipts from these sources are used to pay professional and operating expenses of the ART and to fund Distributions to the Holders after reserving cash required to pay future professional and operating expenses of the ART. The Trustees regularly evaluate the future financial needs of the ART. The Trustees will retain sufficient cash to administer the ART and fund the prosecution of the Causes of Action.

Based upon cash and cash equivalent balances as of June 30, 2011 totaling approximately $79.5 million along with expected expenses and other potential disbursements, the ART expects to meet its obligations as they come due during the next twelve months. Due to the uncertain nature of future revenues and expenses beyond twelve months, it is not possible to be certain that cash will be available to cover all the future financial needs of the ART. Incurring debt, creating contingent obligation agreements and seeking methods to reduce legal professional and administrative costs are all strategies that could be undertaken to address liquidity issues should they arise. These strategies could impact the ART's ability to maximize recoveries from settlements.

The nature of the ART's operation does not give rise to capital expenditures and there are no current or expected commitments for capital expenditures in the next twelve months. Should a need for capital expenditures arise, the ART would fund the requirement from existing assets. Additionally, the ART currently has no long-term contracts or other long-term obligations.

Cash and cash equivalent balances at June 30, 2011 of approximately $79.5 million are $57.6 million higher than as of December 31, 2010. This increase is due to cash and cash equivalents provided from investing activities of $64.8 million offset by the use of cash and cash equivalents for operating activities of $7.2 million.

All of the ART's 6 month CDs held as of December 31, 2010 matured in the first quarter of 2011. The value of the CDs including accrued interest at December 31, 2010 was $64.8 million. The ART invested the proceeds in CDs with a 3 month or shorter maturity, a U.S. Treasury and government agency securities money market fund and a deposit account. All of those investments are considered cash equivalents as of June 30, 2011.

The $7.2 million use of cash for operating activities included a net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2011 of approximately $5.2 million, a decrease in accrued expenses of approximately $1.0 million. The decrease of $1.0 million in accrued expenses is due to the timing of vendor payments. Other operating activities include the accrual of interest on a note receivable of approximately $0.2 million and the payment for prepaid assets of $0.8 million net of amortization during the six months ended June 30, 2011.

As of June 30, 2011, the ART has a total of $79.5 million of cash and cash equivalents which include investments in three-month or shorter FDIC fully-insured bank CDs in the amount of $61.0 million, a U.S. Treasury and government agency securities money market

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fund in the amount of $14.7 million and deposit accounts in the amount of $3.8 million. The ART considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. As such, the three-month CDs have been classified as cash equivalents as of June 30, 2011. All investments during the quarter were fully compliant with the ART investment policy.

As discussed further in Note 4 to the unaudited condensed financial statements, there is an ongoing dispute regarding the Litigation Indemnification Fund created under the Third Modified Fourth Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code for Century-TCI Debtors and Parnassos Debtors (the “JV LIF”). To date, Century-TCI and Parnassos lenders (the “JV Lenders”) have submitted formal claims of approximately $27 million in aggregate (“JV LIF Claims”) in excess of the $10 million initially deposited in the JV LIF (or approximately $37 million in total) and have indicated an intention to submit additional claims in the future. As of the date of this report, current unresolved claims approximate $22 million in total. If the Bankruptcy Court finds in favor of the JV Lenders in that dispute, the ART may be required to replenish the JV LIF in an amount that satisfies all pending unresolved claims and returns the balance in the fund to $10 million. In addition, the Bankruptcy Court could determine that the JV LIF must be replenished by the amount of the disputed JV LIF Claims while the dispute is still pending. The ART has adequate liquidity to pay such obligation, if required.

Debt and Other Long-term Obligations

The ART has no debt, capital or operating lease or other long-term obligations and has no current plans to incur such obligations.

Cautionary Statement Regarding Risks and Uncertainties That May Affect Future Results

This report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements about the business, financial condition and prospects of the ART. The actual results of the ART could differ materially from those indicated by the forward-looking statements because of various risks and uncertainties, including, without limitation, the number of and proceeds from litigations and/or settlements which are successful, delays in obtaining proceeds, the amount of funding required for the litigations and other operating expenses, economic conditions, changes in tax and other governmental rules and regulations applicable to the ART, and other risks identified and described in the Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 4, 2011. These risks and uncertainties are beyond the ability of the ART to control, and in many cases, the ART cannot predict the risks and uncertainties that could cause its actual results to differ materially from those indicated by the forward-looking statements. When used in this report the words “believes,” “estimates,” “plans,” “expects,” and “anticipates” and similar expressions as they relate to the ART or its management are intended to identify forward-looking statements.

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Item 3 Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

The ART invests cash in either FDIC insured deposit accounts, FDIC insured bank CDs or a money market fund invested in short-term U.S. Treasury and government agency securities including repurchase agreements collateralized fully by U.S. Treasury and government agency securities. The CDs have 3 month or less maturity terms and as of June 30, 2011 the money market fund has a 44 day weighted average maturity for the underlying securities. Interest income from these investments is subject to interest rate fluctuations.

Item 4 Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The ART maintains disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in its reports filed under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include controls and procedures designed to ensure that such information is accumulated and communicated to ART Trustees and the Trust Administrator as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required financial disclosure.

The Trustees and the Trust Administrator have completed an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2011. Based on their evaluation, the Trustees and the Trust Administrator concluded that as of June 30, 2011, the ART’s disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

Limitations on the Effectiveness of Controls

The Trustees and the Trust Administrator do not expect that the ART’s disclosure controls will prevent or detect all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the control system’s objectives will be met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the ART have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Controls can also be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or deterioration in the degree of compliance with associated policies or procedures. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

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Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

During the quarter ended June 30, 2011, there were no changes in the ART's internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the ART's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II

Item 1 **Legal Proceedings**

Except as set forth below, there have been no material developments in the legal proceedings described in the ART's Form 10-K as filed on March 4, 2011 or as updated in the ART's Form 10-Q filed on May 13, 2011.

Causes of Action

Goldman Sachs Litigation

Goldman Sachs ("Goldman") moved for summary judgment on March 2, 2010. On April 7, 2011, the District Court granted Goldman's summary judgment motion and judgment was entered April 13, 2011. On May 6, 2011, the ART timely filed its notice of appeal to the Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit. The parties are briefing the appeal.

At this time, the ART cannot predict the outcome of the Goldman Sachs Litigation or estimate the possible financial effect of this proceeding on the ART's financial statements.

Prestige Litigation

On October 27, 2009, Defendants moved for summary judgment on the ART's claims. On June 27, 2011, the District Court granted Defendants' summary judgment motion and judgment was entered on June 28, 2011. The ART timely filed its notice of appeal to the Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit.

At this time, the ART cannot predict the outcome of the Prestige Litigation or estimate the possible financial effect of this proceeding on the ART's financial statements.

FPL Litigation

The FPL action seeks to recover an alleged fraudulent transfer arising out of Adelphia's repurchase of certain of its stock from FPL in January 1999 for $149.5 million. Pursuant to the main Plan, the claims asserted in the FPL Litigation were transferred to the ART. On July 13, 2011 the Bankruptcy Court denied FPL's motion for leave to amend its answer to add a new defense.

The parties currently are engaged in expert discovery. Trial is set to begin on September 16, 2011.

At this time, the ART cannot predict the outcome of the FPL Litigation or estimate the possible financial effect of this proceeding on the ART's financial statements.

Contingent Liabilities

Litigation Indemnification Fund Litigation

Pursuant to the Third Modified Fourth Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization Under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code for Century-TCI Debtors and Parnassos Debtors (the "JV Plan"), which became effective on July 31, 2006; the Main Plan, which became effective on February 13, 2007; and certain other orders entered by the Bankruptcy Court, litigation indemnification funds (each, a "LIF") were created with funds provided by Adelphia to provide certain defendants in the Bank Litigation (see above) provisional and conditional reimbursement of legal fees and expenses expected to be incurred in connection with defending litigation involving certain credit facilities.

The LIF created under the JV Plan (the "JV LIF"), established in the initial amount of $10 million and held in an Adelphia account pending distributions as authorized by the ART, was created to fund certain allowable claims for indemnification arising under the Parnassos and Century-TCI prepetition credit facilities. Subject to certain conditions, the JV LIF is "evergreen", i.e. the JV Plan provides that the JV LIF will be replenished by the ART under certain conditions, such as "upon the receipt . . . of net proceeds of any Designated Litigation" after first deducting any required distribution to the government.

The LIFs created under the Main Plan (the "Main Plan LIFs") are fixed in amounts and not subject to replenishment. Because the JV LIF is evergreen, whereas the Main Plan LIFs are capped, the allocation of defense costs among the categories of LIFs is a matter of economic significance.

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Certain entities (the "JV Claimants") have submitted formal claims that through June 30, 2011 aggregated approximately $27 million in excess of the $10 million initially deposited in the JV LIF by Adelphia. Thus, claims against the JV LIF totaled approximately $37 million and certain of the JV Claimants have indicated an intention to submit additional claims in the future. Adelphia and the ART asserted that the JV LIF claims are improper.

On November 13, 2008, certain of the JV claimants filed, or subsequently joined in, the *Motion of the Bank of Nova Scotia, Citibank N.A. and The Ad Hoc Committee of Non-Agent Secured Lenders in the Parnassos and Century-TCI Facilities for Payment of Bank Lender Post Effective Date Fee Claims and to Compel Compliance of the Plan Administrator (defined in the JV Plan as Adelphia) and the Art with the Third Modified Fourth Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization Under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code and the Century TCI Stipulation* (the "LIF Motion"). Adelphia and the ART moved to disallow Bank Lender Post-Effective Date Fee Claims against the claimants.

On April 16, 2010, Adelphia and the ART filed a motion seeking Bankruptcy Court approval of a Stipulation and Consent Order by and among Adelphia, the ART, and claimant Societe Generale, S.A. resolving both motions as to Societe Generale, S.A. The Bankruptcy Court approved the Stipulation and Consent Order on May 7, 2010.

The Bankruptcy Court heard argument of counsel on May 25, 2011, and stated that an evidentiary hearing would be held sometime after September 2011 to resolve any JV LIF claims that may remain in dispute at such time. Since the prior agreement with Societe Generale, S.A., and through the date of this report, July 29, 2011, the ART has reached agreements in principal with certain other JV Claimants that are probable to reach a final settlement. The aggregate amount of these settlements when finalized will reduce the total unresolved claims outstanding against the JV LIF from the original amount of $37 million to $22 million. The ART continues to vigorously defend the unresolved claims.

The total amount of payments from the JV LIF as a result of these prior and probable-pending settlements will be less than the original balance of $10 million in Adelphia's JV LIF account. Thus the ART has recorded no liability for the prior or pending settlements. Resolved JV LIF claims will be paid in the ordinary course and per the terms of the final settlement agreements.

To the extent the Bankruptcy Court grants the LIF Motion as to any unresolved JV LIF claims, the JV LIF may need to be replenished in an amount that satisfies all such unresolved claims and returns the balance in the JV LIF to $10 million. In addition, the Bankruptcy Court could determine that the JV LIF must be replenished by the aggregate amount of the unresolved disputed JV LIF Claims while the dispute is still pending. The ART has adequate liquidity to satisfy that obligation if required by the Bankruptcy Court.

At this time, the ART cannot predict the outcome of the remaining proceedings or estimate the possible financial effect of these proceedings on the ART.

Item 1A. **Risk Factors**

As of the date of this filing there have been no material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in our "Risk Factors" in the ART's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010 as filed with the SEC on March 4, 2011.

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Item 6 **Exhibits**

2.1*	First Modified Fifth Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization of Adelphia Communications Corporation and Certain of its Affiliated Debtors, effective February 13, 2007
3.1*	Restated Certificate of Trust, dated February 13, 2007
3.2*	Amendment to Restated Certificate of Trust, dated March 15, 2007
3.3*	Second Amended and Restated Declaration of Trust, dated June 4, 2008
3.4*	Rules and Procedures of Adelphia Recovery Trust
4.1*	Form of Certificate Evidencing Undivided Beneficial Interests in the Assets of the Adelphia Recovery Trust (Global Certificate)
4.2*	Form of Certificate Evidencing Undivided Beneficial Interests in the Assets of the Adelphia Recovery Trust (Book Entry Certificate)
10.1*	Plan Administrator Agreement, dated February 12, 2007
10.2*	Trustee Compensation Agreement

*Incorporated by reference to the Form 10 of Adelphia Recovery Trust (File No. 000-53209) filed April 30, 2008 and the amended Form 10 filed July 2, 2008.

31.1	Section 302 Certification of Trustee
31.2	Section 302 Certification of Trust Administrator
32.1	Certification of Trustee pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350 Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification Trust Administrator pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350 Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002
101	The following materials from Adelphia Recovery Trust’s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2011, formatted in XBRL: (i) Condensed Balance Sheets (ii) Condensed Statements of Operations (iii) Condensed Statements of Cash Flows; and (iv) Notes to Condensed Financial Statements, tagged as blocks of text.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: July 29, 2011

By: Quest Turnaround Advisors, LLC
as Trust Administrator of the Adelphia Recovery Trust
/s/ Jeffrey A. Brodsky
Jeffrey A. Brodsky
Member

EXHIBIT 31.1

SECTION 302 CERTIFICATION

I, Ralph J. Takala, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this report for the period ended June 30, 2011 on Form 10-Q of Adelphia Recovery Trust;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant’s other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant’s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any changes in the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant’s most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant’s fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant’s other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant’s auditors and the audit committee of the registrant’s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant’s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting.

Date: July 29, 2011

/s/ Ralph J. Takala
Ralph J. Takala
Trustee

EXHIBIT 31.2

SECTION 302 CERTIFICATION

I, Jeffrey A. Brodsky, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this report for the period ended June 30, 2011 on Form 10-Q of Adelphia Recovery Trust;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any changes in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: July 29, 2011

By: Quest Turnaround Advisors, LLC
as Trust Administrator of the Adelphia Recovery Trust

/s/ Jeffrey A. Brodsky
Jeffrey A. Brodsky
Member

EXHIBIT 32.1

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Adelphia Recovery Trust (the "Trust") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2011 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Ralph J. Takala, Trustee of the Trust, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Trust.

/s/ Ralph J. Takala
Ralph J. Takala
Trustee

Date: July 29, 2011

EXHIBIT 32.2

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Adelphia Recovery Trust (the "Trust") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2011 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Jeffrey A. Brodsky, a member of Quest Turnaround Advisors, LLC, Trust Administrator of the Trust, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Trust.

By: Quest Turnaround Advisors, LLC
as Trust Administrator of the Adelphia Recovery Trust

/s/ Jeffrey A. Brodsky
Jeffrey A. Brodsky
Member

Date: July 29, 2011